## **NEWS SUMMARY.**

The East. THE White Stockings Base-Ball Club, of Chicago, was defeated by the Mutuals, of New York, at the latter city, on the 18th. Score,

38 to 1.

AT Pittsburgh, Pa., June 19, Ernest Ortwein was found guilty of the murder of the Hamnett family. The defense admitted the killing, but endeavored to show emotional insanity.... There was considerable excitement created in the Court-House at New York, the other day, by the appearance of William M. Tweed, who had been subpensed as a witness. The ex-chief of the defunctring was dressed, as in old times, in a dark suit and white necktie. He is described as much thinner than of yore, and his face bears evident traces of mental anxiety.

A New York telegram of the 23d June

publishes in his paper, the Golden Age, a seven-column article defending himself against the charges of Rev. Leonard Bacon and others that he had been a cowardly slanderer of the Plymouth pastor. Having suffered in silence for four years from these misrepresentations, Tilton says that neither patience nor duty will permit him longer to conceal the actual facts from the public. He then goes on to say that he never slandered Henry Ward Beecher, but on the contrary has sacrificed his own reputation to suppress the truth about him, and that he never has refused to appear before the church and answer all questions regarding the scandal that might be put to him. Tilton gives his reasons for severing his connection with the church, as follows: "After I had been for fifteen years a member of Plymouth Church, and had become meanwhile an intimate friend of the paster, the knowledge an intimate friend of the pastor, the knowledge came to me in 1870 that he had committed against me an offense which I forbear to name or characterize. Prompted by my self-respect, I immediately and forever ceased my attendance on his ministry." He publishes the following as an extract from a docu-

BROOKLYN, Jan. 1, 1871 .- I ask Theodore Tilton's forgiveness, and humble myself before him as I do before my God. He would have been a better man in my circumstances than I have been. I can ask nothing except that he will remember all the other breasts that would ache. I will not plead for my-self. I even wish that I were dead. (Signed) H. W. BEECHER.

The West.

THE Illinois Supreme Court has declared the Railway Aid law of 1869, familiarly known as the "grab law," to be unconstitutional .... The Illinois Supreme Court has sustained the Board of Equalization in the assessment of the capital stock of the Rockford, Rock Island and St. Louis railroad ... The Missouri State Temperance Convention adjourned at St. Louis on the 18th. Action was had looking toward more effectual work in the direction of

A MOB of masked men broke into the Greene county (Ill.'s jail early on the morning of the 21st of June, and took possession of a young murderer named Evans, who was afterward found hanging in the outskirts of the town. Evans was a desperate ruffian. He has confessed to crimes that ruman. He has confessed to crimes that should hang better men than he... A number of fatal cases of trichina spiralis are reported from Toledo, Ohio. They were produced by eating half-cooked sausage.... The Chicago Tribune of the 22d of June publishes extended reports of the crops along the lines of the Burlington and Quincy, Alton and St. Louis, Illinois Centeral and Michigan Central railroads, which indicate a large increase in the corn crop over last year. The crease in the corn crop over last year. The wheat crop promises well and will probably sustain the average yield. Oats fall slightly below the expected crop. Other grains are doing well and an early harvest in predicted doing well, and an early harvest is predicted.

THE Chicago papers announce the death of Samuel Myers, the well-known theatrical manager, for many years connected with Mc-

THE corner-stone of the new Government building in Chicago was laid on the 24th of field. June under the auspices of the Masonic fraternity. The ceremonies were very imposing, and were witnessed by a vast concourse. The procession was one of the largest and finest ever seen in the West, and occupied two hours in passing a given point.

The South.

A LARG : portion of the business part of Richmond Ky., was recently destroyed by Washington.

Tos President has sent to the Senate the new reciprocity treaty with Canada.

APPOINTMENTS by the President : Horace N. Conger, of New Jersey, Consul at Prague; B. F. Potts, of Ohio, Governor of Montana Territory; S. H. Winsor, Register of the Land Office at Cheyenne....The Senate has confirmed the nomination of Gen. McCook as Governor of Colorado....The long-promised speech of Ben Butler in the House on the son of Carlist zouaves. evening of the 19th of June attracted more than usual attention, the floor and galleries being crowded with members and visitors. He entered into a labored defense of the moiety system, and of Sanborn & Co., and made a terrible onslaught on Phelps, Dodge & Co., whom he accused of perpetrating the most villainous frauds on the Government.

The debate was continued till a late Ohio, first gave him a dressing down which is said to have been one of the worst lashings ever administered to a member of Congress.

Messrs, Lawes, Hoar and Tremaine followed up the attack, and before the debate closed Butler was the worst used up man that ever held a seat in the House of Representatives.

BLUFORD WILSON, of Illinois, succeeds Banfield as Solicitor of the Treasury.

THE Comptroller of the Currency gives notice that he is prepared to receive applications for the organization of national banks in all the Western and Southern States. Applications may be made by letter, giving the names of not less than — shareholders of

entitled to much larger amounts.... Lyman K. Bass, of Buffalo, has been ap-pointed Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, rice Sawyer....The bill passed by Congres for the distribution of the Geneva award provides for the auditing of all undisputed claims of the owners of vessels destroyed by the Cen-federate cruisers by a commission to sit in Washington, and for the payment of the losses of insurance companies over and above the premiums received. No provision is made for the allowance of war premiums, and this part of the battle will have to be fought over again. The balance remaining after the payment of these claims will be subject to the order of Congress.

THE work of the late session of Congress in the matter of public appropriations, as

compared with that of follows:	last year, s	nma up a
	Last year.	This year
Navy	\$22,250,000	\$16,750,00
Army	. 31,750,000	27,750,00
Legislative	23,750,000	20,500,00
Fortifications		9,040,00
Indians	5,500,000	5,500,00
Military Academy		339,00
Deficiency		4'000,00

William A. Dennison, of Ohio: Henry T. Blow, of Missouri, and ex-Senator A. G. Cattell, of New Jersey, were appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate, on the last day of the session, as a Commission to govern the District of Columbia until a new A New York telegram of the 23d June says: "The announcement on the Stock Exchange of the signing of the Currency bill by the President, caused great buoyancy in the market. The passage of the Tariff bill without the clause taxing sales of stocks and gold, coupled with the above, made the recent downward tendency of the market give place to a most sanguine upward movement. There was an advance of from 1 to 5½ per cent. in gold."

The speculative share list, and of ½ per cent. in gold."

The Beecher-Tilton-Woodhull scandal has been again reopened in New York. Tilton publishes in his paper, the Golden Age, a seven-column article defending himself segainst the charges of Rev Levand R. Shepherd was mentioned by the Commission to form of government is adopted. The name of Alexander R. Shepherd was mentioned by the President as one of the Commission to the Commission to form of government is adopted. The name of Alexander R. Shepherd was mentioned by the President as one of the Commission to th

law does not take effect until Jusuary next, therein provided for shall not hereafter be reby which time a new one may possibly have been passed and the present one repealed.
....The President having approved of the bill for the distribution of the Geneva award, has appointed the following gentlemen to be Judges of the Court of Commissions of Alabama Claims ; Hezekiah Wells, Michigan ; Martin Ryerson, New Jersey; Kenneth Ray-nor, Mississippi; Wm. A. Porter, Pennsyl-vania; and Caleb Baldwin, Iowa.

LYMAN K. Bass refuses to accept the office of Assistant Secretary of the Treasury on account of the inadequacy of the salary ... . Postmaster-General Creswell tendered his resigna-tion on the 24th of June. The President immediately accepted it, and named Hon. Eugene Hale, of Maine, as his successor... The grand jury of the United States Circuit Court for the District of Columbia has found an indictment against A. C. Buell for defamation of character, in that, as correspondent of the Detroit
Free Press, he procured to be printed, a few
months ago, in that journal, a statement that
Senator Chandler, of Michigan, had been helped from the floor of the Senate, in open session, in a state of intoxication....The President and family left on the 25th of June for the White Sulphur Springs of Virginia.

Mrs. Audubon, widow of the distinguished naturalist, died at Shelbyville, Ky., June 18, aged 88; Mrs. Cameron, wife of the Senator, at Harrisburg, Pa., June 19, and M. Jules Janin, the French author, at Paris, June 19,

ANOTHER new planet has been discovered, this time by M. Perrotin, of Berlin. The stranger is in a little more than 16 hours of right ascension, and 224 degrees of touth de-

Political.

CONGRESSMEN Blaine and Five, of Maine. have been renominated.

THE Prohibitionists of Michigan have called a State Convention to meet at Lansing on July 30, for the nomination of State offi-

JOSEPH A. TITCOMB is the Democratic candidate for Governor of Maine.

THE Anti-Monopolists of Iowa met in convention in Des Moines on Wednesday, June 24, made a declaration of their principles, and put in nomination the following ticket for State offices: Secretary of State, David Morgan, of Mahaska county; Auditor, J. M. King, of Dubuque county; Treasurer, J. W. Barnes, of Des Moines county; Attorney-General, J. T. Keatley, of Pottawottamic county; Clerk of the Supreme Court, George W. Polling of Polling States and State W. Ball, of Polk county; Supreme Court Reporter, J. M. Weart, of Buchanan county; Register of State Land Office, M. Rodermal,

In New York the Republican, Democratic, Liberal Republican and Prohibition parties have each determined to put a ticket in the

Foreign. THE Deputies of the Left Center in the French Assembly publish a note again inviting an alliance with the Right Center in order that both parties may establish a republic. The Left Center will offer all the necessary constitutional guarantees, and declare that if constitutional guarantees, and declare that if an alliance is refused, the Right Center will be responsible for the probable return of the Empire... At a reception of the Cardinals by the Pope, his Holiness mentioned that proposals had been received, emanating from exalted political personages, looking to reconciliation between the papacy and Italian Government. He declared, however, that he would yield nothing; that any concession on his part would be injurious to the church and society.... The London Times reports a severe engagement between Spanish Republicans and Carment between Spanish Republicans and Carlists, at Alsora, which terminated in favor of

An Havana letter states that trustworthy information, through insurgent sources, reports the arrival of an expedition, under Aguilera. on the north coast, with 4,000 arms, 6 pieces of mountain artillery, and a large quantity of ammunition. All the material was safely landed, and communication was established with the forces of Maxima Gomez. This is hour. His assaults on the Ways and Means Committee had put the members of that organization on their mettle, and others who felt themselves aggrieved by his remarks launched out in bitter invective against him and his theories. Mr. Foster, of Ohio, first gave him a dressing down which is said to be the most important expedition gotten up by the insurgents since the first year of the war. A rigorous conscription is been enforced in many places by the Spaniards....

M. Lucien Boun has informed the Committee of Thirty that the Legitimists intended to again introduce in the French Assembly a motion in favor of the warsterstip of the Money by introduce in the French Assembly a motion in favor of the restoration of the Monarchy....

In the House of Commons, on the 19th, Bourke, Under-Secretary for the Foreign Department, in reply to a request for information, stated that Her Majesty's Government was not unwilling to mediate between Brazil and the Argentine Confederation, but that it had not as yet been invited to receive friendly. and the Argentine Confederation, but that it had not as yet been invited to use its friendly offices in that direction... The yellow fever is raging with great violence in Bahia.... The Cathedral Chapter of Posen, Prussia, has refused to obey the Government orders to elect a Vicar-General, declaring that it does not consider that a vacancy exists in the Archbishopric...J. C. M. Bellew, the great elocutionist, died in London, June 19.

posed upon him by the military tribunal for

participating in the doings of the Commune. THE Brazilian cable has been successfully laid, and London is now in telegraphic communication with Brazil.... The House of Lords has decided that in the celebrated Mordannt divorce case, proceedings shall continue, notwithstanding the insanity of the lady... The Sultan of Turkey has prohibited the circula-tion of the Bible in his dominions.

MARSHAL CONCHA, of Spain, has adopted a new plan for the suppression of the Carlist insurrection. It is to build a line of fortifications across the country, thus confining the Carlists to a section small in area and indifferently provided with means of sustenance. By that means the insurgents would be starved out of existence, while, if they are permitted to roam at large as at present, they can maintain a guerrilla war for an indefinite

THE French Government is doing something to check the bold proceedings of the Bonapartists. Several members of their committees have been arrested. The distribution of photographs of the Prince Imperial has also been prohibited .... Trouble is brewing between Turkey and Persia, and a war is not

quired to keep on hand any amount of money whatever by reason of the amount of their respective circulations; but the moneys required by said section to be kept at all times on hand shall be determined by the amount of deposits, in all respects as provided for in the said section.

Sec. 3. That every association organized or to be organized under the provisions of the said act, and of the several acts amendatory thereof, shall at all times keep and have on deposit in the Treasury of the United States, in lawful money of the United States, a sum equal to 5 per centum of its circulation, to be held and used for the redemption of such circulation, which sum shall be counted as a part of its lawful reserve, as provided in section 2 of this act, and when the circulating notes of any such associations, assorted or unassorted, shall be presented for redemption in sums of \$1,000 or any multiple thereof to the Treasurer of the United States, the same shall be redeemed in United Ex-Ald. Austrian Barnes is very seriously in-States notes. All notes so redeemed shall be jured. The Rev. Dr. H. J. Eddy is slightly charged by the Treasurer of the United States injured. The bodies are supposed to be all to the respective associations issuing the same, and he shall notify them severally on the first day of each month or oftener, at his discretion, of the amount of such redemptions, and whenever such redemptions of any associations shall amount to the sum of \$500 such associations so notified shall forthwith deposit with the Treasurer of the United the amount of its circulating notes so re-deemed; and all notes of national banks for circulation shall, when received by any Assistant Treasurer, or at any designated depository of the United States, be forwarded to the Treasurer of the United imbursed the circulating notes so redeemed rendered otherwise unfit for use, they shall charges for transportation and the costs for | fall. assorting such notes, and the association hereafter organized shall also generally reimburse to the Treasury the cost of engraving such plates as shall be ordered by each association respectively, and the amount assessed upon each association shall be in proportion to the circulation redeemed, and be charged to the fund on deposit with the Treasurer : and, provided further, that so much of Sec. 32 of said National Bank act recognizing or permitting the redemption of its circulating notes elsewhere than at its own counter, except as provided for in this section, is hereby

Sec. 4. That any Association organized under this act, or any of the acts to which this is an amendment, desiring to withdraw its circulating notes, in whole or in part, may, upon the deposit of lawful money with the Treasurer of the United States, in sums of not less than \$9,000, take up the bonds which said Association has on deposit with the Treasurer for the security of such circulating notes, which bouds shall be assigned to the banks in the manner specified in the nine-teenth section of the National Bank act, and the outstanding notes of said Association to an amount equal to the legal-tender notes deposited, shall be redeemed at the Treasury of the United States and destroyed, as now pro-vided that the amount of the bonds of deposit for circulation shall not be reduced be-

sociation to be printed upon all National Bank notes which may be hereafter issued by him. SEC. 6. That the amount of the United States notes outstanding, and to be issued as a part of the circulating medium, shall not exceed the sum of \$382,000,000, which said sum shall appear in each monthly statement of the public debt, and no part thereof shall be held or used as a reserve.

SEC. 7. That so much of the act entitled, "an act to provide for the redemption of the 3-percentum temporary loan certificates, and for an increase of national bank notes," as pro-vides that no circulation shall be withdrawn under the provisions of Sec. 6 of said act until after the \$54,000,000 granted in Sec. 1 of said act shall have been taken up, is hereby re-pealed; and it shall be the duty of the Comptroller of the Currency, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, to proceed forthwith, and he is hereby authorized and required, from time to time, as application shall be only made therefor, and until the full amount of the \$54,000,000 shall be withdrawn, to make a requisition on each of the national manner therein provided organized in States having an excess of circulation, to withdraw and return so much of this circulation as by said act may be appointed to be withdrawn from them, or, in lieu thereof, to deposit in the Treasury of the United States lawful money sufficient to redeem such circulation, and, upon the return of the circulation required, or the deposit of lawful money, as herein provided, a proportionate amount of the bonds held to secure the circulation of such association as shall make such return or deposit shall be

surrendered to it. SEC. 8. That upon the failure of the national banks upon which requisitions for circulation shall be made, or of any of them, to rethe proposed organization, which should be accompanied with the indorsement of the Senator or Representative of the district where the bank is to be located, giving satisfactory imformation in reference to the character and means of applicants. Applications will be considered immediately upon their receipt, and, if approved, the necessary forms for the organization of new banks will be at once transmitted. Under the new apportionment all the Western and Southern States and Territories, with the exception of Colorado, Montana and Wyoming, will be entitled to additional circulation. The State of Indiana will be entitled to about \$250,000, and Nebraska \$300,000. The other Western and Southern States will be entitled to about \$560,000. The other Western and Southern States will be entitled to about \$550,000. The other Western and Southern States will be entitled to about \$550,000. The other Western and Southern States will be entitled to about \$550,000. The other Western and Southern States will be entitled to about \$550,000. The other Western and Southern States will be entitled to about \$550,000. The other Western and Southern States will be entitled to about \$550,000. The other Western and Southern States will be entitled to about \$550,000. The other Western and Southern States will be entitled to about \$550,000. The other Western and Southern States will be entitled to about \$550,000. The other Western and Southern States will be entitled to about \$550,000. The other Western and Southern States will be entitled to about \$550,000. The other Western and Southern States will be entitled to about \$550,000. The other Western and Southern States will be entitled to about \$550,000. The other Western and Southern States will be entitled to about \$550,000. The other Western and Southern States will be entitled to about \$550,000. The other Western and Southern States will be entitled to about \$550,000. The other Western and Southern States will be entitled to about \$550,000. The other Western and Southern States and Terr tion shall be made, or of any of them, to return the amount required, or to deposit in the Tressury lawful money to redeem the circulation required within thirty days, the Comptroller of the Currency shall at once sell, as provided in section 49 of the National Currency act, approved June 3, 1864, bonds held to secure the redemption of the circulation of the association or associations which shall no fail to an amount sufficient to redeem

shall be the duty of the Treasurer, Assistant Treasurers, designated depositories and national bank depositories of the United States, who shall be kept informed by the Comptroller of the Currency of such associations as shall fail to return circulation as required, to assort and return to the Treasurer for redemption the notes of such associations as shall come into their hands until the amount required shall be redeemed, and in like manner to assort and return to the Treasury for redemption the notes of such national banks as have failed or gone into voluntary liquidation, for the purpose of winding up the affairs of such as shall hereafter so fail or go into liquida-

SEC. 2. That from and after the passage of this set it shall be lawful for the Comptrollef of the Currency, and he is hereby ordered, to issue circulating notes without delay as ap-plications therefor are made, not to exceed the sum of \$55,000,000, to associations organized, or to be organized, in those States and Territories having organized, in less than their proportion of circulation under an apportionment made on the basis of population and of wealth as shown by the returns of the census of 1870, and every association hereafter organized shall be subject to and be governed by the rules, restrictions and limitations, and possess the rights, privileges and franchises, now or hereafter to be prescribed by law as national banking associetions, with the same power to amend, alter and repeal, provided by the National Bank act, provided that the whole amount of circulation withdrawn and removed from the banks transacting business shall not exceed \$55,000,000, and that such circulation shall be withdrawn and redeemed as shall be necessary to supply the circulation previously issued to the banks in those States having less than their apportionment; and provided further, that not more than \$30,000,000 shall be withdrawn and redeemed, as herein contemplated, during the fiscal year ending June 30.

Sad End of a Strawberry Festival.

An appalling catastrophe occurred in Syracuse, N. Y., on the night of the 23d of June, the sad particulars of which are thus chronicled by the telegraph: A strawberry festival was being held at the parlors of the Central Baptist Church when, without any premonition, the floor gave way, precipitating the roomful into the story below. The parlor was on the second floor, and the room underneath was also full. A fire al arm was immediately given, and the firemen hurried to the scene. Soon 15,000 people were there, and tremendous excitement prevailed. The following were taken out dead: Dr. O. W. Wainwright, Mrs. E. Austin Barnes, Mrs. James M. Crow. Mrs. J. E. Karr, Miss Gussie Carpenter, Mrs. Abijah Vieder, of Utica : Miss Gracie Holmes. Miss Winnie Collins, aged 13 to-day; Hattie Leonard, 5 or 6 years old; John Austin Ostrander, a boy about 9 years old; Miss Minnie Thomas; Frank Collins, aged 14; Lulu Horton, aged 12.

Mrs. Dr. Wainwright will undoubtedly die. recovered now. It is impossible to get the

names of the injured to-night. The city is filled with lamentations. The scene in the streets around the church baffles description. Thousands gathered there asking after friends, waiting for the dead and attending to the injured. The entire police force and fire department of the city were States a sum in United States notes equal to called out, and took charge of the work of recovering the dead and wounded. The deemed; and all notes of national banks broken timbers were hoisted up with difficulty, worn, defaced, mutilated, or otherwise unfit. The walls of the church did not fall in, but are seriously damaged. The church is comparatively a new one. A few minutes before the floor gave way, it trembled so that many persons left the room, fearing an accident, which States for redemption, as provided herein; had been predicted by many. The accident and when such redemptions have been so re- was caused by the giving way of a joist that was caused by the giving way of a joist that supported the floor. The joist ran from both shall be forwarded to the respective associa-tions by which they were issued; but if any middle of which was supported by iron rods such notes are worn, mutilat d, defaced, or from the roof. The stringer gave way, pulling the ceiling and roof down upon the people and precipitating them into the room below. be forwarded to the Comptroller of the Currency and destroyed and replaced as now provided by law. Provided that each of said associations shall reimburse to the Treasury the feared every moment that the walls would

CONGRESS.

THURSDAY, June 18 .- Senate .- Mr. Chandler rresented a memorial of citizens of Michigan against any reciprocity treaty with Canada. tions. The report of the conference committee on the Molety bill was adopted. . . The bill to pay the awards made by the Southern Claims Commission was passed....Pratt introduced a bill to charter a double-track railroad from the Atlantic the Missouri river and to limit the rate of freight charges thereon....Wright, from the conference committee on the Currency bill, announced that the committee on the Currency bill, announced that the committee had unanimously agreed upon a report, but he would not ask for its consideration until the following day....The amendment of the House to the bill to encourage the establishment of public marine schools, was concurred in, and the bill passed.... The bill abolishing the Territorial Government in the District of Columbia, and providing for the ap-pointment of three Commissioners to administer its affairs was passed. Sargent alone voting in the

House,-Bills passed: Fixing the limits of the cost of the public building at Covington, Ky., at \$250,000, and removing the restrictions as to the material, to be employed; granting the right of way through the public lands to the Arkansas Valley railroad, in Colorado; appointing a commission of three to investigate the Choctaw and Chickasaw nations, and to enter into an agreement with them relative to the status SEC. 5. That the Comptroller of the Currency shall, under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe, cause the charter numbers of the Assay Office in New York to the Sub-Treasury, sociation to be printed upon all National Bank

FRIDAY, June 19 .- Senate .- A motion to reconsider the vote by which the bill to provide a government for the District of Columbia was passed was tabled....The report of the Conference Committee on the Currency bill was called up, and after a lengthy discussion a vote was reached, which resulted in the adoption of the report by 43 to 19.... The Senate insisted on its amendments to the Posts flice Appropriation bill, and a conference

House,-A resolution was adopted appropriating \$300 for the purchase and restoration to the family of Gen. Lafayette of the watch presented by Gen. Washington to Lafayette.... A number of the Senate amendments to the Postoffice Appropriation bill were non-concurred in, and the bill was sent to a conference committee ... An evening session was held, at which Ben Butler delivered his promised speech in defense of Sanborn & Co.

SATURDAY, June 20 .- Senate. - The second came from the House, which abolishes the Civil are stools, cane-bottomed chairs, and section of the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill, as it service Commission, and prescribes rules for the appointment of officers under the Government, was more dilapidated than if they came out stricken out by the committee, and a new section of a garret of the last century; nets, reported, continuing the Commission and appropriating \$150,000 therefor. The report was agreed to—yeas, 32; nays, 16...The Judiciary Committee made an adverse report upon the petition of Susan B. Anthony for the report upon the petition of Susa the remission of the fine imposed upon her in the United States District Court of the Northern Dis-United States District Court of the Northern Dis-trict of New York...An amendment repealing so much of the Civil Appropriation bill for this year ending June 30, 1874, as appropriated \$600,000 to replace worn and mutilated national bank notes was agreed to...A message from the President retative to the affairs of the District of Columbia was referred to the Investigating Committee on District Affairs, and the Committee subsequently reported that its views on the subject of the rate of interest on the District bonds were unchanged. House .-- The powers of the Committee on Arkansas Affairs were continued during vacation-yeas,

sas Affairs were continued during vacation—yeas, 139; nays, 74.... The report of the conference committee on the Currency bill was presented by Mr. Dawes After an extended discussion the report of the committee was agreed to—yeas, 221; nays, 40.... The Judiciary Committee reported a resolution for the impeachment of Judge Busteed, of Alabama.... The Joint Investigating Committee on the Affairs of the District of Columbia, to which was referred the President's message reported that the opinion the District of Columbia, to which was referred the President's message, reported that the opinion of the committee remained unchanged, and the committee was discharged from further considera-tion of the subject... The Supplementary Civil-Rights bill was then taken up and failed to pass— yeas, 140; nays, 91—there not being wo-thirds in its favor, as required under the rule.

was read a third time and passed.... The confer- as when new.

of newspaper postage—and a new committee was ordered....House bill granting the right of way to Arkausas Valley rairoad was passed. The conference report on the Geneva Award bill was agreed to.

House,-The conference report on the bill for the distribution of the Geneva award was presented and concurred in .... A lengthy debate sprang up on ommending non-concurrence in the Senate amendment to the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill by which an item of \$25,000 was inserted for the benefit of an organization in Washington known as the Little Sisters of the Poor. The amendment was finally concurred in ... A motion to insert in the Civil Appropriation bill an item of \$7,000 to reim-burse Gen. O. O. Howard for the expense of his defense before the late court of inquiry was defeated, .... The bill to prevent bazing at the Naval Academies was passed....The bill creating a nation park on the Island of Muckinac was tabled.

Tuesday, June 23 .- Senate .- A resolution was adopted authorizing the Appropriation Committees of both houses to sit at the capital during the recess, to inquire what reforms can be made in the civil service.... The Tariff bill was killed by postponing it to the next session, the two houses failing to agree on several items....The bills for the admission of Colorado and New Mexico were laid on the table....The bill in relation to courts and judicial officers in Utah was passed ... Bills were also passed authorizing the coinage of a 20cent piece of silver, and removing the political dis-abilities of John Forsythe and J. L. Pugh, of Alabama...The Senate, at 6:15 p. m., adjourned. So ends the first session of the Forty-third Congress.

House,-Averill, from the Committee on Indian Affairs, made a report in the matter of the investigation of alleged frauds in making contracts and furnishing supplies in the Indian office, with the volume of testimony. The report exonerates the Commissioners and Interior Department...The Senate resolution authorizing the Appropriation journed sine die.

The Rotundity of the Earth.

One of those people with whom seeing is believing," and the deductions of logic and mathematics go for nothing-an Englishman bearing the immortal name of Hampden-recently risked five hundred pounds on the assertion that the earth could not be proved to him by ocular demonstration to be round-or more precisely, that the surface of a sheet of quiet water was flat, not curved. The bet was accepted by a Mr. A. R. Wallace (presumably the eminent naturalist of that name), and the experiment was tried on the "Bedford Level," where a line of six miles could be obtained. Three disks were placed, one at each end of this line and one at the center, each disk being exactly 42 feet above the surface of the water immediately under it. The three were then observed through a selected and approved telescope, and the central one was found to be about five feet above the line joining the two others. That rise of five feet forced Mr. Hampden to come down with five hundred pounds. It is to be hoped that he paid his watermoney. Any surveyor could have told him that in running levels over any considerable distance it is necessary to make correction for the curvature of the earth, as well as for refraction. These corrections become very important when it is desired to survey a line for the construction of a ditch or canal. A man sighting through a telescope at an object ten miles' distant, and apparently on the same level, would be really looking at a point nearly fifty-seven feet of mules generally among Southern higher in true altitude than his eye; and if he made no allowance for this fact, it might happen to him, as it happened to rude surveyors and constructors before now, that when his ditch was done, the water could not run in it. At ture is nearly sixty-seven feet; but

A New Gun.

A gunmaker, of Limoges, France, has submitted to the military commission at Vincennes a rifle af a very novel construction- It is thus described in a Paris journal, La Liberte: The new gun presents nothing remarkable exteriorly, but the lock is so arranged that the breech is opened by cocking the piece, and the charge being introduced, the breech is closed and the gun fired by touching the trigger. The cartridge consists of a hollow leaden cone filled with powder and closed at the base by mesns of a cork. At the moment the cartridge is introduced into the breech the powder escapes by a small hole in the cork, and an imperceptible ball of fulminating powder which forms the priming takes its proper po-sition. The triple action of cocking, loading and firing is thus effected simultaneously, so that a man with very little experience can fire twenty rounds a minute. The cartriges are stored in an iron tube, which is placed parallel with the barrel, and contains thirty balls, so that the piece may be fired as many times almost without any interval, and without removing the stock from the shoulder, as there is nothing to be done but cock and pull the trigger. There may be occasions when such rapid firing may be of use, but it is pretty generally admitted that sol-diers with the present arms fire away most of their ammunition uselessly.

Articles Four Thousand Years Old. Bayard Taylor's account of the Museum at Boolak Egypt, in the New York Tribune.]

Of even greater interest are the household articles, implements of trade, food, etc., which, like the spoils of Pompeii, restore for us, the domestic life of the people. Here, for instance, work-boxes 4,000 years old, yet no blue and yellow patterns, the very counterpart of old Majolica; seeds, eggs, and bread; straw-baskees and a child's ball for playing: paint-boxes with colors and brushes, and boards for games of draughts-in short, a collection almost as varied and complete as the ashes of Vesuvius preserved for us of the Græco-Roman life of the year 79 of our era. But these Egyptian relics date from 1,000 to 3,000 years before our era began.

For cake bag in a cow get ten cents' worth of dry iodine; fill a cup with good fresh lard and stir in the iodine until it be thoroughly mixed; let it stand for a day or night; stir it again and rub it in with the hand frequently, and cure is certain.

A Transaction in Oats.

In Massachusetts, where prohibition is in force, and where it is popularly believed men grow up, live to good old ages and die without ever seeing, smelling, tasting, or handling intoxicating liquors, the following scene recently took place, according to a writer in the Boston Gazette:

We at length reached the hotel again. and I proposed a lass of brandy and water. My friend looked at me and then at the landlord; and then the landlord looked at me and then at my friend. Perplexity overspread the countenance of both. "Such a thing as a drop of liquor is not to be had in the place," said the landlord.
"Bought, you mean," retorted my

"Bought, I mean," was the answer.

Then both eved me significantly. I could not explain how badly I wanted it, and could only give vent to my feelings in a sigh.

Without a word the landlord disappeared within the recesses of a small room behind the office desk, and presently came forth with two empty tumblers in his hand. These he placed upon the desk.

"But where is the liquor?" I in-

"The law forbids me to sell it." he said, "and I dare not disobey the law. If you can find any here you are welcome to it." saying which he accidentally turned back the breast of his coat. The neck of a bottle peeped forth from the inside pocket. He winked his eye at me, and I winked my eye at him, after which I drew forth the bottle. He faintly struggled to prevent the daring robbery upon which I was bent, but I proved inexcrable.

"My private bottle kept for medicinal purposes, and not for sale," he moaned, as he poured out the liquor for myself and the worthy Chairman of the Parish Committee. "Have some water, gentlemen?" he added with alacrity. We drank, and I replaced the bottle

in the repository whence I had taken it. Then I put a dollar in his hand. "What is this for?" he asked, as he

deposited it in his waistcoat pocket, and gave me a half dollar in change. "For a bushel of oats," I answered. Keep them until I send for them." "Ah, sir," said the landlord, with are

air of virtuous resignation, "the prohibitory law has done a world of good in stopping the sale of liquors. It's a severe law on us, but it's a good one.

How Mules Came Into Fashion.

Few of the farmers of this country are aware what a depth of gratitude they owe George Washington for the introduction of mules into general use

for farm purposes. Previous to 1783, there were very few, and those of such an inferior order as to prejudice farmers against them as unfit to compete with horses in work upon the road or farm. Consequently there were no jacks, and no disposition to increase the stock; but Washington became convinced that the introduction planters would prove to them a great blessing, as they are less liable to be injured than horses by careless serv-

As soon as it became known abroad that the illustrious Washington desired this distance the positive error in curva- to stock his Mount Vernon estate with mules, the King of Spain sent him a there is a partial offset in the opposite jack and two jennets, from the Royal or negative error of refraction. jack and two jennets from the Island of

The first was a gray color, 16 hands high, heavily made, and of sluggish nature. He was named the Royal Gift. The other was called the Knight of Malta; he was about as high-lithe.

fiery, even to ferocity. The two different sets of animals gave him the most favorable opportunity of making improvements by cross-breeding, the result of which was the favorite jack, Compound, because he partook of the best point in both the original. The General bred his blooded mares to these jacks, even taking those from his family coach for that purpose, and produced such superb mules that the country was all agog to breed some of the sort, and they soon became quite common. This was the origin of improved mules in the United States. There are now some of the third and fourth generation of Knight and Malta and Royal Gift to be found in Virginia, and the great benefits arising from their introduction to the country are to be seen upon every cultivated acre in the Southern States.

## Mark Twain's Adventure.

I got into the cars, took a seat in juxtaposition to a female. The fe-male's face was a perfect life insurance company to her. It insured her againstever getting married to any person ex-cept a blind man. Her mouth looked like a crack in a dried lemon, and there was no more expression in her face than there is in a cup of cold custard. She appeared as if she had been to one famine and got two-thirds of the way through another. She was old enough to be a great-grandmother to Mary who had a little lamb. She was chewing prize popcorn, and carried in her hand a yellow rose, while a band-box and cotton umbrella nestled by her side. I couldn't guess whether she was on a mission of charity or going West to start a saw-mill. I was full of curiosity to hear her speak so I said: "The exigencies of time require circumspection in a person who is traveling." "What?" says she. "The orb of the day shines resplendent in the vault above," says I. She twisted around uneasily, and then raised her umbrella and said : "I don't want any of your sass—git out!" And I did get out.

Saved From Drowning by Chloroform. Well, here is chloroform administered

under entirly novel circumstances. A gentleman crossing the bridge at Ful-tonville, Montgomery county, saw a small boy struggling in the river below. Down went the philanthropist to the rescue, but the small boy struggled so that both were in danger of watery death. Just then the gentleman remembered that he had a bottle of chloroform in his pocket. To take it out and To CLEAN a brown porcelain kettle, to administer the anæsthetic to the wigleas 140; nays, 91—there not being wo-thirds in
the favor, as required under the rule.

Monday, June 22.—Senate.—The Tariff bill celian will be rendered nearly as white

monday third time and passed. The confer-